

Structural Analysis & Design Software





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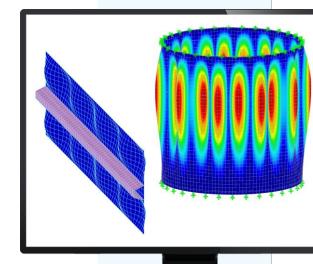
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Webinar

Plate and Shell Buckling Utilizing Dlubal Software





Questions During the Presentation



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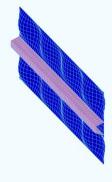


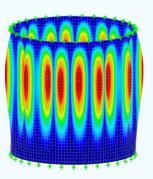
febinar

CONTENT



O2 Shell buckling design utilizing the global MNA and LBA calculation according to EN 1993-1-6 with RFEM







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Plate Buckling Analyses of Steel Plates According to EN1993-1-5

Method of effective crosssections ([1], Sec. 4-7)

Reduced stress method ([1], Sec. 10)

Analyses using Finite Element Method ([1], Annex C)

PLATE-BUCKLING

Plate buckling analysis with or without stiffeners



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Example: Buckling Analysis of a Stiffened Plate with PLATE-BUCKLING (Reduced Stress Method)

Data

Material: S 355

Plate thickness: t = 14 mm

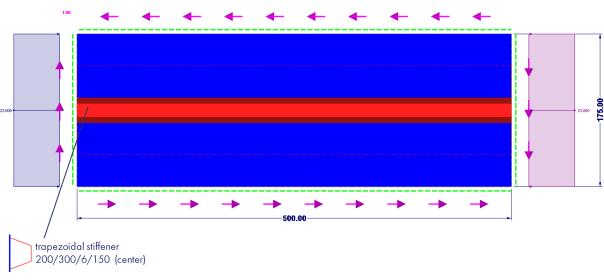
Stresses

$$\sigma_1 = \sigma_2 = 23.0 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

 $\tau = 1.0 \text{ kN/cm}^2$



System



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Plate Buckling Analyses of Steel Shell Structures acc. to EN 1993-1-6



Stress-based plate buckling analysis

- Simple application for expert engineers
- Low requirements for computer technology (often hand calculation formulas used)
- Economic results difficult to achieve for load situations significantly differing from conventional buckling shapes

Plate buckling design by global numerical MNA/LBA analysis

- More background knowledge for shell stability required
- Higher requirements for computer technology (materially nonlinear analysis (MNA), linear elastic bifurcation analysis (LBA))
- Computer technology using FE analysis consequently applied

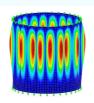
Plate buckling design by global numerical GMNIA analysis

- Excellent background knowledge for shell stability required (e.g. correct application of imperfections (preforming) is complex)
- Considerable requirements for computer technology
- Difficult application in real design situations





Example: Plate Buckling Design by Global Numerical MNA/LBA Analysis acc. to [3]



Technical data

Liquid: $\gamma = 10 \text{ kN/m}^3$

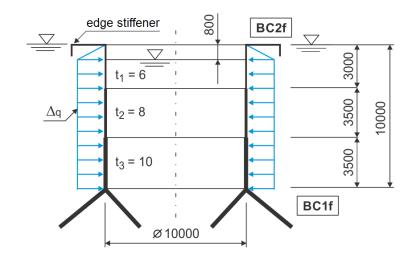
Material: S 235

Manufacturer quality: class A

Load (1.0 x differential pressure)

 $\Delta q_d = 8.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$

System





Elastic critical buckling resistance ratio

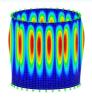
 $r_{Rcr} = 1.507$ (FE eigenvalue analysis (LBA) in RFEM)

Plastic reference resistance ratio ([2], Eq. 8.24)

$$r_{Rpl} = t \cdot f_{yk} / \sqrt{n_{x,Ed}^2 - n_{x,Ed} n_{\theta,Ed} + n_{\theta,Ed}^2 + 3n_{x\theta,Ed}^2}$$

The lowest value of plastic resistance ratio so calculated should be taken as the estimate of the plastic reference resistance ratio r_{Rpl} .

NOTE: A safe estimate of r_{Rpl} can usually be obtained by applying expression (8.24) in turn at the three points in the shell where each of the three buckling-relevant membrane stress resultants attains its highest value, and using the lowest of these three estimates as the relevant value for r_{Rpl} . [2]





 $r_{Rpl} = 35.6$ (materially non-linear analysis (MNA in RFEM)

Overall relative slenderness ([2], Eq. 8.25)

$$\overline{\lambda}_{\rm ov} = \sqrt{r_{\rm Rpl}/r_{\rm Rcr}}$$

$$\overline{\lambda}_{ov} = \sqrt{35.6/1.507}$$

$$\overline{\lambda}_{ov} = 4.86$$

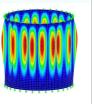
Circumferential elastic imperfection reduction factor ([2], Tab. D.5)

$$\alpha_{\rm ov} = \alpha_{\rm \theta} = 0.75$$

Plastic range factor ([2], D.26)

$$\beta = 0.60$$





Plastic limit relative slenderness ([2], Eq. 8.16)

$$\overline{\lambda}_p = \sqrt{\alpha/(1-\beta)}$$

$$\overline{\lambda}_p = \sqrt{0.75/0.40)}$$

$$\overline{\lambda}_{\rm p} = 1.37 << 4.86$$
 \rightarrow pure elastic plate buckling

Buckling reduction factor ([2], Eq. 8.15)

$$\chi_{ov} = \alpha / \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$

$$\chi_{\rm ov} = \frac{0.75}{4.86^2}$$

$$\chi_{\rm ov} = 0.0318$$





Characteristic buckling resistance ratio ([2], Eq. 8.26)

$$r_{Rk} = \chi_{ov} \cdot r_{Rpl}$$

$$r_{Rk} = 0.0318 \cdot 35.6$$

$$r_{Rk} = 1.132$$

Design buckling resistance ratio ([2], Eq. 8.27)

$$r_{Rd} = r_{Rk} / \gamma_{M1}$$

$$r_{Rd} = \frac{1.132}{1.1}$$

$$r_{Rd} = 1.03 > 1 \rightarrow design fulfilled$$



→ Another example available in Knowledge Base





Bibliography

- [1] Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures Part 1-5: General rules Plated structural elements; EN 1993-1-5:2006 (E)
- [2] Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures Part 1-6: Strength and stability of shell structures, EN 1993-1-6:2007 (E)
- [3] Schmidt H.: Beulsicherheitsnachweise für Schalen nach dem neuen Eurocode EN 1993-1-6 Ein Überblick mit Beispielen aus der Anwendungspraxis, Referat beim 27. Stahlbau-Seminar in Neu-Ulm und Wien, 2005



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