

Program: RFEM 6, Steel Design Add-on

Category: Design Check

Verification Example: 1032 – W-Shape Flexural Member Design According to AISC

1032 – W-Shape Flexural Member Design According to AISC

Description

Consider an ASTM A992 W 18×50 beam for span with the uniform dead and live loads as shown in Figure 1. The member is limited to a maximum nominal depth of 18 in. The live load deflection is limited to $L/360$. The beam is simply supported and continuously braced. Verify the available flexural strength of the beam selected based on LRFD and ASD, see [1].

Material		Modulus of Elasticity	E	29000.000	ksi
		Yield Strength	F_y	50.000	ksi
		Ultimate Strength	F_u	65.000	ksi
Geometry	Beam W 18×50	Length	L	35.000	ft
Load		Dead	w_D	0.450	kip/ft
		Live	w_L	0.750	kip/ft

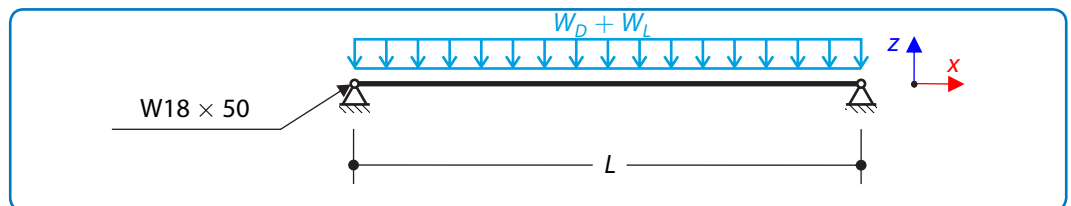


Figure 1: Beam Loading and Bracing

AISC Solution

Per AISC Manual Table 3-23, Case 1, M_u and M_a are computed

LRFD	ASD
$\omega_u = 1.740 \text{ kip/ft}$ $M_u = (\omega_u L^2)/8 = 266.000 \text{ kip-ft}$	$\omega_a = 1.200 \text{ kip/ft}$ $M_a = (\omega_a L^2)/8 = 184.000 \text{ kip-ft}$

As the maximal deflection equals

$$\Delta_{\max} = \frac{L}{360} = 1.170 \text{ in} \quad (1032 - 1)$$

the Required Moment of Inertia for Live-Load Deflection Criterion of $L/360$ is

$$I_{x,\text{reqd}} = \frac{5 \cdot \omega_L L^4}{384 \cdot E \Delta_{\max}} = 746.000 \text{ in}^4 \quad (1032 - 2)$$

Verification Example: 1032 – W-Shape Flexural Member Design According to AISC

Select the W 18×50 from AISC Manual Table 3-3, for which

$$I_x = 800.000 > 746.000 \text{ in}^4$$

Per the User Note in AISC Specification Section F2, the section is compact. Because the beam is continuously braced and compact, only the yielding limit state applies.

From AISC Manual Table 3-2, the available flexural strength is

LRFD	ASD
$\phi_b M_n = \phi_b M_{px} = 379.000 > 266.000 \text{ kip}\cdot\text{ft}$	$P_n / \Omega_t = 252.000 > 184.000 \text{ kip}\cdot\text{ft}$

RFEM 6 Settings

- Modeled in RFEM 6.08.0007
- Isotropic linear elastic model is used
- Shear stiffness of members is activated

Results

Design	RFEM Solution [kip·ft]	AISC Solution [kip·ft]	Ratio [-]
LRFD	378.747	379.000	0.999
ASD	251.994	252.000	1.000

Available Flexural Strength

Example (shape)	Design	RFEM Solution [kip·ft]	AISC Solution [kip·ft]	Ratio [-]
F.1-1B (W 18×50)	LRFD	378.747	379.000	0.999
	ASD	251.994	252.000	1.000
F.1-2B (W 18×50)	LRFD	305.505	304.000	0.995
	ASD	203.263	202.000	0.994
F.1-3B (W 18×50)	LRFD	288.144	289.000	0.997
	ASD	192.713	192.000	0.999
**F.2-1A (C 15×33.9)	LRFD	168.084	191.000	0.880
	ASD	111.832	127.000	0.881
**F.2-1B (C 15×33.9)	LRFD	168.084	191.000	0.880
	ASD	111.832	127.000	0.881
F.3A (W 21×48)	LRFD	397.953	398.000	0.999
	ASD	264.773	265.000	0.999
F.3B (W 21×48)	LRFD	397.954	398.000	0.999
	ASD	264.773	265.000	0.999
F.4 (W 24×55)	LRFD	502.497	503.000	0.999
	ASD	334.329	334.000	0.999
F.5 (W 12×58)	LRFD	121.878	122.000	0.999
	ASD	81.090	81.400	0.996
F.6 (HSS 3-1/2×3-1/2×1/8)	LRFD	7.236	7.210	0.996
	ASD	4.814	4.790	0.995
*F.7A (HSS 10×6×0.188)	LRFD	65.745	59.700	0.884
	ASD	41.157	39.700	0.884

Verification Example: 1032 – W-Shape Flexural Member Design According to AISC

Example (Shape)	Design	RFEM Solution [kip·ft]	AISC Solution [kip·ft]	Ratio [-]
*F.7B (HSS 10×6 ×0.188)	LRFD	67.500	59.700	0.884
	ASD	44.910	39.700	0.884
F.8A (8×8×0.188)	LRFD	46.170	46.300	0.997
	ASD	30.719	30.200	0.996
F.8B (8×8×0.188)	LRFD	46.170	45.400	0.997
	ASD	30.719	30.200	0.997
F.9A (Pipes 8 x-Strong)	LRFD	81.378	81.400	0.999
	ASD	54.144	54.100	0.999
F.9B (Pipes 8 x-Strong)	LRFD	81.378	81.400	0.999
	ASD	54.144	54.100	0.999
F.10 (WT 5×6)	LRFD	7.32	7.32	1.000
	ASD	4.870	4.870	1.000
F.12 (BAR 5 in×3 in)	LRFD	70.317	70.400	0.999
	ASD	46.784	46.800	1.000
F.13 (Round 1 in)	LRFD	0.585	0.590	0.992
	ASD	0.389	0.392	0.992

Remark

*Note: When calculating the flange width b in RFEM, it is the clear distance between webs minus the inside corner radius on each side. Alternatively, in problems F.7A,B, the flange width is taken as the corresponding outside dimension minus three times the design thickness (AISC B4.1b.(d)).

**Note: When calculating the beam's single axis nominal flexural strength in RFEM, the more conservative partial plastic section modulus, Z_y , *pure*, is used. The AISC, in comparison, utilizes the less conservative full plastic section modulus, Z_y .

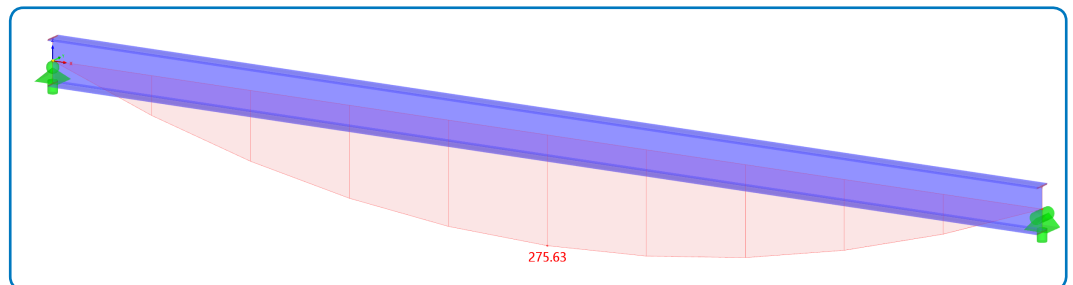


Figure 2: RFEM 6 results - M_y Moment about y-axis (LRFD)

References

- [1] AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF STEEL CONSTRUCTION, *Design Examples V16 - Companion to the AISC Steel Construction Manual*..